

SAFETY DATA SHEET

1. Identification

Product number 1000024572
Product identifier 18 OZ NUTECH PENETRATNG LUBRCNT LB 12PK
Revision date 08-07-2015
Company information NUTECH SPECIALTIES
9811 SOUTH 6150 WEST
WEST JORDAN, UT 84081 United States
Emergency telephone US 1-866-836-8855
Emergency telephone outside US 1-952-852-4646
Version # 02
Supersedes date 09-05-2014
Recommended use Lubricant
Recommended restrictions None known.

2. Hazard(s) identification

Physical hazards	Gases under pressure	Compressed gas
Health hazards	Skin corrosion/irritation	Category 2
	Serious eye damage/eye irritation	Category 2A
	Germ cell mutagenicity	Category 2
	Carcinogenicity	Category 1
	Reproductive toxicity (fertility)	Category 2
	Specific target organ toxicity, single exposure	Category 3 narcotic effects
Environmental hazards	Hazardous to the aquatic environment, acute hazard	Category 3
	Hazardous to the aquatic environment, long-term hazard	Category 3
OSHA defined hazards	Not classified.	

Label elements



Signal word Danger

Hazard statement Contains gas under pressure; may explode if heated. Causes skin irritation. Causes serious eye irritation. May cause drowsiness or dizziness. Suspected of causing genetic defects. May cause cancer. Suspected of damaging fertility.

Precautionary statement

Prevention Obtain special instructions before use. Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood. Avoid breathing mist or vapor. Wash thoroughly after handling. Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area. Wear protective gloves/protective clothing/eye protection/face protection.

Response If on skin: Wash with plenty of water. If inhaled: Remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing. If in eyes: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. If exposed or concerned: Get medical advice/attention. Call a poison center/doctor if you feel unwell. Specific treatment (see this label). If skin irritation occurs: Get medical advice/attention. If eye irritation persists: Get medical advice/attention. Take off contaminated clothing and wash before reuse.

Storage Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep container tightly closed. Store locked up. Protect from sunlight. Store in a well-ventilated place.

Disposal Dispose of contents/container in accordance with local/regional/national/international regulations.

Hazard(s) not otherwise classified (HNOC) None known.

Supplemental information None.

3. Composition/information on ingredients

Mixtures

Chemical name	Common name and synonyms	CAS number	%
Trichloroethylene		79-01-6	60 - 80
White Mineral Oil (petroleum)		8042-47-5	10 - 20
Methyl Silicone		556-67-2	2.5 - 10
2-Butoxyethanol		111-76-2	1 - 2.5
Carbon Dioxide		124-38-9	1 - 2.5
1,2-Butylene Oxide		106-88-7	0.1 - 1
Other components below reportable levels			2.5 - 10

#: This substance has workplace exposure limit(s).

vPvB: very persistent and very bioaccumulative substance.

PBT: persistent, bioaccumulative and toxic substance.

*Designates that a specific chemical identity and/or percentage of composition has been withheld as a trade secret.

4. First-aid measures

Inhalation

Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. Oxygen or artificial respiration if needed. Do not use mouth-to-mouth method if victim inhaled the substance. Call a physician or Poison Control Center immediately. Induce artificial respiration with the aid of a pocket mask equipped with a one-way valve or other proper respiratory medical device. Call a POISON CENTER or doctor/physician if you feel unwell.

Skin contact

Remove and isolate contaminated clothing and shoes. Immediately flush skin with plenty of water. Call a physician or Poison Control Center immediately. If skin irritation occurs: Get medical advice/attention. For minor skin contact, avoid spreading material on unaffected skin. Wash contaminated clothing before reuse. Wash clothing separately before reuse.

Eye contact

Immediately flush eyes with plenty of water for at least 15 minutes. If a contact lens is present, DO NOT delay irrigation or attempt to remove the lens. Continue rinsing. Call a physician or Poison Control Center immediately.

Ingestion

IF SWALLOWED: Immediately call a POISON CENTER or doctor/physician. Rinse mouth thoroughly. Never give anything by mouth to a victim who is unconscious or is having convulsions. Do not induce vomiting without advice from poison control center. If vomiting occurs, keep head low so that stomach content doesn't get into the lungs. Do not use mouth-to-mouth method if victim ingested the substance. Induce artificial respiration with the aid of a pocket mask equipped with a one-way valve or other proper respiratory medical device.

Most important symptoms/effects, acute and delayed

May cause drowsiness and dizziness. Headache. Nausea, vomiting. Severe eye irritation. Symptoms may include stinging, tearing, redness, swelling, and blurred vision. Skin irritation. May cause redness and pain.

Indication of immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

Provide general supportive measures and treat symptomatically. In case of shortness of breath, give oxygen. Keep victim warm. Keep victim under observation. Symptoms may be delayed.

General information

Take off contaminated clothing and shoes immediately. In case of shortness of breath, give oxygen. Immediate medical attention is required. If you feel unwell, seek medical advice (show the label where possible). Ensure that medical personnel are aware of the material(s) involved, and take precautions to protect themselves. Show this safety data sheet to the doctor in attendance. Keep victim under observation. Keep victim warm.

5. Fire-fighting measures

Suitable extinguishing media

Water fog. Foam. Dry chemical powder. Dry chemicals. Carbon dioxide (CO₂).

Unsuitable extinguishing media

Do not use water jet as an extinguisher, as this will spread the fire.

Specific hazards arising from the chemical

Contents under pressure.

Special protective equipment and precautions for firefighters

Wear suitable protective equipment. Self-contained breathing apparatus and full protective clothing must be worn in case of fire.

Fire-fighting equipment/instructions

In case of fire: Stop leak if safe to do so. Do not move cargo or vehicle if cargo has been exposed to heat. Move containers from fire area if you can do so without risk. Cool containers exposed to heat with water spray and remove container, if no risk is involved. Containers should be cooled with water to prevent vapor pressure build up. For massive fire in cargo area, use unmanned hose holder or monitor nozzles, if possible. If not, withdraw and let fire burn out.

Specific methods

Use standard firefighting procedures and consider the hazards of other involved materials.

6. Accidental release measures

Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

Keep unnecessary personnel away. Keep people away from and upwind of spill/leak. Keep out of low areas. Wear appropriate protective equipment and clothing during clean-up. Avoid inhalation of vapors and spray mists. Emergency personnel need self-contained breathing equipment. Fully encapsulating, vapor protective clothing should be worn for spills and leaks with no fire. Do not touch damaged containers or spilled material unless wearing appropriate protective clothing. Ventilate closed spaces before entering them. Local authorities should be advised if significant spillages cannot be contained. For personal protection, see section 8 of the SDS.

Methods and materials for containment and cleaning up

Refer to attached safety data sheets and/or instructions for use. ELIMINATE all ignition sources (no smoking, flares, sparks or flames in immediate area). Keep combustibles (wood, paper, oil, etc.) away from spilled material. This material is classified as a water pollutant under the Clean Water Act and should be prevented from contaminating soil or from entering sewage and drainage systems which lead to waterways. Stop leak if you can do so without risk. Move the cylinder to a safe and open area if the leak is irreparable. Cover with plastic sheet to prevent spreading. Absorb in vermiculite, dry sand or earth and place into containers. Following product recovery, flush area with water.

Small Spills: Wipe up with absorbent material (e.g. cloth, fleece). Clean surface thoroughly to remove residual contamination. For waste disposal, see section 13 of the SDS. This material and its container must be disposed of as hazardous waste.

Environmental precautions

Avoid release to the environment. Refer to special instructions/safety data sheets. Inform appropriate managerial or supervisory personnel of all environmental releases. Prevent further leakage or spillage if safe to do so. Do not contaminate water. Avoid discharge into drains, water courses or onto the ground.

7. Handling and storage

Precautions for safe handling

Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood. Pressurized container: Do not pierce or burn, even after use. Do not use if spray button is missing or defective. Do not spray on a naked flame or any other incandescent material. Do not smoke while using or until sprayed surface is thoroughly dry. Do not cut, weld, solder, drill, grind, or expose containers to heat, flame, sparks, or other sources of ignition. Ground and bond containers when transferring material. Do not re-use empty containers. Avoid exposure - obtain special instructions before use. Do not breathe mist or vapor. Do not get in eyes, on skin, or on clothing. Avoid prolonged or repeated contact with skin. Avoid prolonged exposure. Do not get this material on clothing. Do not use in areas without adequate ventilation. Should be handled in closed systems, if possible. Pregnant or breastfeeding women must not handle this product. Wear appropriate personal protective equipment. Wash thoroughly after handling. Avoid release to the environment. Do not empty into drains. Use appropriate container to avoid environmental contamination. Observe good industrial hygiene practices.

Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Level 1 Aerosol.

Keep locked up. Avoid exposure - obtain special instructions before use. Contents under pressure. Do not expose to heat or store at temperatures above 120°F/49°C as can may burst. Do not puncture, incinerate or crush. Do not handle or store near an open flame, heat or other sources of ignition. Use appropriate container to avoid environmental contamination. Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep away from food, drink and animal feedingstuffs. Store away from incompatible materials (see Section 10 of the SDS). Level 1 Aerosol (NFPA 30B)

8. Exposure controls/personal protection

Occupational exposure limits

US. OSHA Table Z-1 Limits for Air Contaminants (29 CFR 1910.1000)

Components	Type	Value
2-Butoxyethanol (CAS 111-76-2)	PEL	240 mg/m3
Carbon Dioxide (CAS 124-38-9)	PEL	50 ppm
		9000 mg/m3
		5000 ppm

US. OSHA Table Z-2 (29 CFR 1910.1000)

Components	Type	Value
Trichloroethylene (CAS 79-01-6)	Ceiling	200 ppm
	TWA	100 ppm

US. ACGIH Threshold Limit Values

Components	Type	Value
2-Butoxyethanol (CAS 111-76-2)	TWA	20 ppm
Carbon Dioxide (CAS 124-38-9)	STEL	30000 ppm
	TWA	5000 ppm
Trichloroethylene (CAS 79-01-6)	STEL	25 ppm
	TWA	10 ppm

US. NIOSH: Pocket Guide to Chemical Hazards

Components	Type	Value
2-Butoxyethanol (CAS 111-76-2)	TWA	24 mg/m3
		5 ppm
Carbon Dioxide (CAS 124-38-9)	STEL	54000 mg/m3
	TWA	30000 ppm 9000 mg/m3
Trichloroethylene (CAS 79-01-6)	TWA	5000 ppm 25 ppm

US. Workplace Environmental Exposure Level (WEEL) Guides

Components	Type	Value
1,2-Butylene Oxide (CAS 106-88-7)	TWA	5.9 mg/m3
		2 ppm

Biological limit values**ACGIH Biological Exposure Indices**

Components	Value	Determinant	Specimen	Sampling Time
2-Butoxyethanol (CAS 111-76-2)	200 mg/g	Butoxyacetic acid (BAA), with hydrolysis	Creatinine in urine	*
Trichloroethylene (CAS 79-01-6)	15 mg/l	Trichloroacetic acid	Urine	*
	0.5 mg/l	Trichloroethanol, without hydrolysis	Blood	*

* - For sampling details, please see the source document.

Exposure guidelines**US - California OELs: Skin designation**

2-Butoxyethanol (CAS 111-76-2) Can be absorbed through the skin.

US - Minnesota Haz Subs: Skin designation applies

2-Butoxyethanol (CAS 111-76-2) Skin designation applies.

US - Tennessee OELs: Skin designation

2-Butoxyethanol (CAS 111-76-2) Can be absorbed through the skin.

US NIOSH Pocket Guide to Chemical Hazards: Skin designation

2-Butoxyethanol (CAS 111-76-2) Can be absorbed through the skin.

US. OSHA Table Z-1 Limits for Air Contaminants (29 CFR 1910.1000)

2-Butoxyethanol (CAS 111-76-2) Can be absorbed through the skin.

Appropriate engineering controls	Good general ventilation (typically 10 air changes per hour) should be used. Ventilation rates should be matched to conditions. If applicable, use process enclosures, local exhaust ventilation, or other engineering controls to maintain airborne levels below recommended exposure limits. If exposure limits have not been established, maintain airborne levels to an acceptable level. Ensure adequate ventilation, especially in confined areas. Eye wash facilities and emergency shower must be available when handling this product.
Individual protection measures, such as personal protective equipment	
Eye/face protection	Avoid exposure - obtain special instructions before use. Wear tight-fitting goggles or face shield. Face-shield. Chemical respirator with organic vapor cartridge and full facepiece. Avoid contact with eyes.
Hand protection	Avoid exposure - obtain special instructions before use. Wear appropriate chemical resistant gloves.
Skin protection	
Other	Avoid exposure - obtain special instructions before use. Avoid contact with the skin. Wear chemical protective equipment that is specifically recommended by the manufacturer. Use of an impervious apron is recommended. It may provide little or no thermal protection.
Skin protection	
Respiratory protection	Avoid exposure - obtain special instructions before use. Chemical respirator with organic vapor cartridge and full facepiece.
Thermal hazards	Wear appropriate thermal protective clothing, when necessary.
General hygiene considerations	Do not get in eyes. When using, do not eat, drink or smoke. Do not get this material in contact with skin. Avoid contact with skin. Always observe good personal hygiene measures, such as washing after handling the material and before eating, drinking, and/or smoking. Routinely wash work clothing and protective equipment to remove contaminants.

9. Physical and chemical properties

Appearance	Cloudy.
Physical state	Gas.
Form	Aerosol. Compressed gas.
Color	Brown.
Odor	Solvent.
Odor threshold	Not available.
pH	Not available.
Melting point/freezing point	Not available.
Initial boiling point and boiling range	258.39 °F (125.77 °C) estimated
Flash point	None (Propellant) estimated
Evaporation rate	Not available.
Flammability (solid, gas)	Not available.
Upper/lower flammability or explosive limits	
Flammability limit - lower (%)	8 % estimated
Flammability limit - upper (%)	52 % estimated
Explosive limit - lower (%)	Not available.
Explosive limit - upper (%)	Not available.
Vapor pressure	Not available.
Vapor density	Not available.
Relative density	Not available.
Solubility(ies)	
Solubility (water)	Not available.
Partition coefficient (n-octanol/water)	Not available.
Auto-ignition temperature	788 °F (420 °C) estimated
Decomposition temperature	Not available.

Viscosity	Not available.
Other information	
Density	1.28 g/cm ³ estimated
Heat of combustion	8.32 kJ/g estimated
Heat of combustion (NFPA 30B)	4.41 kJ/g estimated
Percent volatile	76.59 % estimated
Specific gravity	1.285 estimated
VOC (Weight %)	76.1 % estimated

10. Stability and reactivity

Reactivity	The product is stable and non-reactive under normal conditions of use, storage and transport.
Chemical stability	Unstable.
Possibility of hazardous reactions	Hazardous polymerization does not occur.
Conditions to avoid	Heat, flames and sparks. Contact with incompatible materials.
Incompatible materials	Do not mix with other chemicals.
Hazardous decomposition products	No hazardous decomposition products are known.

11. Toxicological information

Information on likely routes of exposure

Ingestion	Expected to be a low ingestion hazard.
Inhalation	May cause drowsiness and dizziness. Headache. Nausea, vomiting. Prolonged inhalation may be harmful.
Skin contact	Causes skin irritation.

2-Butoxy ethanol may be absorbed through the skin in toxic amounts if contact is repeated and prolonged. These effects have not been observed in humans.

Eye contact	Causes serious eye irritation.
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Symptoms related to the physical, chemical and toxicological characteristics	May cause drowsiness and dizziness. Headache. Nausea, vomiting. Severe eye irritation. Symptoms may include stinging, tearing, redness, swelling, and blurred vision. Skin irritation. May cause redness and pain.
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Information on toxicological effects

Acute toxicity	Narcotic effects.
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Product	Species	Test Results
18 OZ NUTECH PENETRATNG LUBRCNT LB 12PK (CAS Mixture)		
Acute		
<i>Dermal</i>		
LD50	Rat	7361 mg/kg
<i>Inhalation</i>		
LC50	Rat	69 mg/l/4h
Components		
2-Butoxyethanol (CAS 111-76-2)		
Acute		
<i>Dermal</i>		
LD50	Guinea pig	230 ml/kg, 24 Hours
		7.3 ml/kg, 4 Days
	Rabbit	450 ml/kg, 24 Hours
		435 mg/kg, 24 Hours
		0.63 ml/kg
	Rat	> 2000 mg/kg, 24 Hours

Components	Species	Test Results
<i>Inhalation</i>		
LC50	Rabbit	400 ppm, 7 Hours
	Rat	450 ppm, 4 Hours
<i>Oral</i>		
LD100	Rabbit	695 mg/kg
LD50	Dog	> 695 mg/kg
	Guinea pig	1200 mg/kg
	Rat	530 - 2800 mg/kg
Trichloroethylene (CAS 79-01-6)		
Acute		
<i>Dermal</i>		
LD50	Rat	19031 mg/kg
<i>Inhalation</i>		
LC50	Rat	12500 ppm, 4 Hours 1044 mg/l/4h
White Mineral Oil (petroleum) (CAS 8042-47-5)		
Acute		
<i>Dermal</i>		
LD50	Rabbit	> 2000 mg/kg, 24 Hours
<i>Inhalation</i>		
LC50	Rat	2.18 mg/l, 4 Hours

* Estimates for product may be based on additional component data not shown.

Skin corrosion/irritation	Causes skin irritation.
Serious eye damage/eye irritation	Harmful in contact with eyes. Causes serious eye irritation.
Respiratory or skin sensitization	
Respiratory sensitization	Not available.
Skin sensitization	Irritating to skin. Frequent or prolonged contact may defat and dry the skin, leading to discomfort and dermatitis.
Germ cell mutagenicity	Suspected of causing genetic defects.
Carcinogenicity	Hazardous by OSHA criteria. Hazardous by WHMIS criteria. Cancer hazard.
IARC Monographs. Overall Evaluation of Carcinogenicity	
1,2-Butylene Oxide (CAS 106-88-7)	2B Possibly carcinogenic to humans.
2-Butoxyethanol (CAS 111-76-2)	3 Not classifiable as to carcinogenicity to humans.
Trichloroethylene (CAS 79-01-6)	If <1L: Consumer Commodity Carcinogenic to humans.
OSHA Specifically Regulated Substances (29 CFR 1910.1001-1050)	
Not listed.	
US. National Toxicology Program (NTP) Report on Carcinogens	
Trichloroethylene (CAS 79-01-6)	Reasonably Anticipated to be a Human Carcinogen.
Reproductive toxicity	Suspected of damaging fertility.
Specific target organ toxicity - single exposure	May cause drowsiness and dizziness.
Specific target organ toxicity - repeated exposure	Not classified.
Aspiration hazard	Not available.
Chronic effects	Hazardous by WHMIS criteria. Hazardous by OSHA criteria. Prolonged inhalation may be harmful. Prolonged or repeated exposure may cause lung injury. May be harmful if absorbed through skin.
	2-Butoxy ethanol may be absorbed through the skin in toxic amounts if contact is repeated and prolonged. These effects have not been observed in humans.
	Repeated absorption may cause disorder of central nervous system, liver, kidneys and blood. Prolonged exposure may cause chronic effects. Possible risks of irreversible effects.

Further information Symptoms may be delayed.

12. Ecological information

Ecotoxicity Expected to be toxic to aquatic organisms. May cause long-term adverse effects in the environment.

Product		Species	Test Results
18 OZ NUTECH PENETRATNG LUBRCNT LB 12PK (CAS Mixture)			
Aquatic			
Crustacea	EC50	Daphnia	2.9503 mg/L, 48 Hours
Fish	LC50	Fish	54.7597 mg/L, 96 Hours
Components			
1,2-Butylene Oxide (CAS 106-88-7)			
Aquatic			
Algae	IC50	Algae	500 mg/L, 72 Hours
Crustacea	EC50	Daphnia	69.8 mg/L, 48 Hours
Fish	LC50	Fish	160, 96 Hours
2-Butoxyethanol (CAS 111-76-2)			
Aquatic			
Fish	LC50	Inland silverside (Menidia beryllina)	1250 mg/l, 96 hours
Trichloroethylene (CAS 79-01-6)			
Aquatic			
Crustacea	EC50	Daphnia	2.2 mg/L, 48 Hours
Fish	LC50	Fish	40.8933, 96 Hours
		Flagfish (Jordanella floridae)	3.1 mg/l, 96 hours

* Estimates for product may be based on additional component data not shown.

Persistence and degradability No data is available on the degradability of this product.

Bioaccumulative potential No data available.

Partition coefficient n-octanol / water (log Kow)

2-Butoxyethanol	0.83
Trichloroethylene	2.61

Mobility in soil No data available.

Other adverse effects No other adverse environmental effects (e.g. ozone depletion, photochemical ozone creation potential, endocrine disruption, global warming potential) are expected from this component.

13. Disposal considerations

Disposal instructions Consult authorities before disposal. Contents under pressure. Do not puncture, incinerate or crush. This material and its container must be disposed of as hazardous waste. Incinerate the material under controlled conditions in an approved incinerator. Must be incinerated in a suitable incineration plant holding a permit delivered by the competent authorities. Do not allow this material to drain into sewers/water supplies. Do not contaminate ponds, waterways or ditches with chemical or used container. Dispose of contents/container in accordance with local/regional/national/international regulations.

Local disposal regulations Dispose in accordance with all applicable regulations.

Hazardous waste code D040: Waste Trichloroethylene
The waste code should be assigned in discussion between the user, the producer and the waste disposal company.

US RCRA Hazardous Waste U List: Reference

Trichloroethylene (CAS 79-01-6) U228

Waste from residues / unused products Dispose of in accordance with local regulations. Empty containers or liners may retain some product residues. This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe manner (see: Disposal instructions).

Contaminated packaging Empty containers should be taken to an approved waste handling site for recycling or disposal. Since emptied containers may retain product residue, follow label warnings even after container is emptied. Do not re-use empty containers.

14. Transport information

DOT

UN number	UN1950
UN proper shipping name	Aerosols, non-flammable, (each not exceeding 1 L capacity)
Transport hazard class(es)	
Class	2.2
Subsidiary risk	-
Label(s)	2.2
Packing group	Not applicable.
Special precautions for user	Read safety instructions, SDS and emergency procedures before handling.
Packaging exceptions	306
Packaging non bulk	None
Packaging bulk	None

This product meets the exception requirements of section 173.306 as a limited quantity and may be shipped as a limited quantity. Until 12/31/2020, the "Consumer Commodity - ORM-D" marking may still be used in place of the new limited quantity diamond mark for packages of UN 1950 Aerosols. Limited quantities require the limited quantity diamond mark on cartons after 12/31/20 and may be used now in place of the "Consumer Commodity ORM-D" marking and both may be displayed concurrently.

IATA

UN number	UN1950
UN proper shipping name	Aerosols, non-flammable
Transport hazard class(es)	
Class	2.2
Subsidiary risk	-
Label(s)	2.2
Packing group	Not applicable.
Environmental hazards	No.
ERG Code	2L
Special precautions for user	Read safety instructions, SDS and emergency procedures before handling.
Other information	
Passenger and cargo aircraft	Allowed.
Cargo aircraft only	Allowed.
Packaging Exceptions	LTD QTY

IMDG

UN number	UN1950
UN proper shipping name	AEROSOLS
Transport hazard class(es)	
Class	2.2
Subsidiary risk	-
Label(s)	2.2
Packing group	Not applicable.
Environmental hazards	
Marine pollutant	No.
EmS	Not available.
Special precautions for user	Read safety instructions, SDS and emergency procedures before handling.
Packaging Exceptions	LTD QTY

Transport in bulk according to Annex II of MARPOL 73/78 and the IBC Code
Not applicable.

DOT





15. Regulatory information

US federal regulations

This product is a "Hazardous Chemical" as defined by the OSHA Hazard Communication Standard, 29 CFR 1910.1200.
All components are on the U.S. EPA TSCA Inventory List.

TSCA Section 12(b) Export Notification (40 CFR 707, Subpt. D)

Not regulated.

CERCLA Hazardous Substance List (40 CFR 302.4)

1,2-Butylene Oxide (CAS 106-88-7) Listed.
Trichloroethylene (CAS 79-01-6) Listed.

SARA 304 Emergency release notification

Not regulated.

OSHA Specifically Regulated Substances (29 CFR 1910.1001-1050)

Not listed.

Superfund Amendments and Reauthorization Act of 1986 (SARA)

Hazard categories

Immediate Hazard - Yes
Delayed Hazard - Yes
Fire Hazard - No
Pressure Hazard - Yes
Reactivity Hazard - No

SARA 302 Extremely hazardous substance

Not listed.

SARA 311/312 Hazardous chemical

No

SARA 313 (TRI reporting)

Chemical name	CAS number	% by wt.
Trichloroethylene	79-01-6	60 - 80
1,2-Butylene Oxide	106-88-7	0.1 - 1

Other federal regulations

Clean Air Act (CAA) Section 112 Hazardous Air Pollutants (HAPs) List

1,2-Butylene Oxide (CAS 106-88-7)
Trichloroethylene (CAS 79-01-6)

Clean Air Act (CAA) Section 112(r) Accidental Release Prevention (40 CFR 68.130)

Not regulated.

Safe Drinking Water Act (SDWA)

Not regulated.

US state regulations

WARNING: This product contains a chemical known to the State of California to cause cancer.

US. Massachusetts RTK - Substance List

1,2-Butylene Oxide (CAS 106-88-7)
2-Butoxyethanol (CAS 111-76-2)
Carbon Dioxide (CAS 124-38-9)
Trichloroethylene (CAS 79-01-6)

US. New Jersey Worker and Community Right-to-Know Act

1,2-Butylene Oxide (CAS 106-88-7)
2-Butoxyethanol (CAS 111-76-2)
Carbon Dioxide (CAS 124-38-9)
Trichloroethylene (CAS 79-01-6)

US. Pennsylvania Worker and Community Right-to-Know Law

1,2-Butylene Oxide (CAS 106-88-7)

2-Butoxyethanol (CAS 111-76-2)

Carbon Dioxide (CAS 124-38-9)

Trichloroethylene (CAS 79-01-6)

US. Rhode Island RTK

1,2-Butylene Oxide (CAS 106-88-7)

Trichloroethylene (CAS 79-01-6)

US. California Proposition 65

WARNING: This product contains a chemical known to the State of California to cause cancer.

US - California Proposition 65 - CRT: Listed date/Carcinogenic substance

Trichloroethylene (CAS 79-01-6)

Listed: April 1, 1988

International Inventories

Country(s) or region	Inventory name	On inventory (yes/no)*
Australia	Australian Inventory of Chemical Substances (AICS)	Yes
Canada	Domestic Substances List (DSL)	Yes
Canada	Non-Domestic Substances List (NDSL)	No
China	Inventory of Existing Chemical Substances in China (IECSC)	Yes
Europe	European Inventory of Existing Commercial Chemical Substances (EINECS)	No
Europe	European List of Notified Chemical Substances (ELINCS)	No
Japan	Inventory of Existing and New Chemical Substances (ENCS)	Yes
Korea	Existing Chemicals List (ECL)	Yes
New Zealand	New Zealand Inventory	Yes
Philippines	Philippine Inventory of Chemicals and Chemical Substances (PICCS)	Yes
United States & Puerto Rico	Toxic Substances Control Act (TSCA) Inventory	Yes

*A "Yes" indicates that all components of this product comply with the inventory requirements administered by the governing country(s)

A "No" indicates that one or more components of the product are not listed or exempt from listing on the inventory administered by the governing country(s).

16. Other information, including date of preparation or last revision**Issue date** 09-05-2014**Revision date** 08-07-2015**Version #** 02**Further information** HMIS® is a registered trade and service mark of the NPCA.**Disclaimer** The information provided in this Safety Data Sheet is correct to the best of our knowledge, information and belief at the date of its publication. The information given is designed only as a guidance for safe handling, use, processing, storage, transportation, disposal and release and is not to be considered a warranty or quality specification. The information relates only to the specific material designated and may not be valid for such material used in combination with any other materials or in any process, unless specified in the text.**Revision Information** GHS: Classification